



Going home with your Port (adult)

Information about your Port:

Your Por	t was put in by	on	at
	doctor	date	
	McMaster University Medical Centre		
	Juravinski Hospital and Cancer Centre		
	St. Joseph's HealthCare		
-	nave any problems with your Port, call your o y nurse.	community nurse or	
Brand	name of Port		
🗌 Sin	gle 🗌 Dual 🗌 Arm Port		
🗌 Val	ved Non-valved power port		
Distal	tip location: SVC/Right Atrium Junction	other	
Non-co	pring needle: Gauge Length_		
The at	oove information was completed by		
		Nurse/Technologist	
on	Area phone		
Date:			

You are going home with a Port. A Port is a device placed completely under the skin. Your Port may be used:

- to give fluids
- to give medications
- to give blood products
- to take blood samples

• for nutrition

• for some diagnostic tests (CT scan)

Keep all dressings clean and dry. Your Port will need routine care, such as dressing changes and flushing. Your nurse will discuss this with you.

When you first get your Port

When you first get your Port it is normal for the area around your Port to be sore. This can last a few days. There may be a needle inserted into the Port covered by a dressing.

If you have a dressing and/or a needle inserted into the Port (accessed), wait until your nurse tells you that you can shower.

The stitches above the Port will be covered with a dressing. These stitches usually dissolve on their own. The dressing stays on until the area is healed.

Please let the nurse know your concerns.

Supplies and PORT care

There are 2 options for PORT care and supplies provided by CCAC (Community Care Access Centre):

- CCAC will make an appointment for you to attend a Nursing Care Centre for PORT care
- CCAC will have supplies delivered to your home and home care will be provided. Keep your supply box in a clean dry safe place and away from children and pets.

Supplies needed if you have home care:

- □ liquid soap, in a pump or bottle or waterless soap
- paper towels
- **d** garbage bag
- clean towel
- □ sharps container (if using needles)

When you get home watch for these problems:

Problem	What to do	
Clamp has opened. The tube is damaged.	Close the clamp.Clamp above the damaged tubing.Call your nurse.	
The cap falls off.	Make sure the clamp is closed.Cover the open end with gauze and tape.Call your nurse.	
Pain at the site of the port or along the path of the port.	Call your nurse who may contact the doctor.	
The needle comes out.	Do not push the needle back in.Call your nurse right away.	
Irregular or strange heart beats.	Call your doctor.	
Fever.	Call your doctor.	
At the site or anywhere along the path of the port you notice: • redness • swelling • drainage • tenderness • soreness	Call your nurse.	
Swelling of neck, arm or face on the side that the port is located.	Call your doctor.	

If you have trouble breathing call 911 or go to Emergency.

When you have a Port do not:

- swim with the Port, if it has a needle (accessed)
- play contact sports please discuss this with your doctor

When you have a Port, it is a good idea to:

- have your emergency telephone numbers close by
- have your community nurse and primary nurse telephone numbers close by
- keep a list of your questions, problems, notes in a book or diary
- keep a calendar for clinic appointments and follow-up appointments

Setting up your home

You will need a work area or space to lay out the supplies. When choosing the best place to do your Port care, keep these things in mind:

- good lighting
- a room that is easy to keep clean and free of dust
- a comfortable spot in the room to sit or lie down
- a safe area away from children and pets
- a place free of drafts away from open windows, heating ducts and fans
- clean surface for supplies

When you or your nurse do your Port care:

- set aside 20 to 45 minutes
- limit distractions: such as not answering your phone
- clean your work area before and after Port care