Reactive Hypoglycemia After Bariatric Surgery

What is reactive hypoglycemia?

After bariatric surgery you may experience reactive hypoglycemia:
- Hypoglycemia means low blood sugar
- Reactive hypoglycemia is having low blood sugar after eating a meal or snack

This may happen after eating foods that are high in sugar or simple carbohydrates. It is thought to be related to dumping syndrome.

How do I know if I have reactive hypoglycemia?

You have reactive hypoglycemia if you have:
- any symptoms listed below a few hours after having a meal or snack and
- these symptoms go away after eating or drinking

What are the symptoms of reactive hypoglycemia?

You may feel one or more of these:
- hungry
- sweaty
- shaky
- anxious
- dizzy
- weak
- sleepy
- confused

What should I do if I think I have reactive hypoglycemia after having a meal or snack?

Having low blood sugar is not good for your overall health and can be life-threatening.
- If you think you have reactive hypoglycemia, check your blood sugar.
- If your blood sugar is less than 4 mmol/L, you need to treat it to bring your sugar above 4 mmol/L. Follow the steps on the next page.

If you do not have a meter, talk to your family doctor, health care provider or the diabetes educator in the Bariatric Clinic to get a meter.
When your blood sugar is less than 4 mmol/L:

1. Take 15 grams of a fast acting carbohydrate right away. This will raise your blood sugar quickly. Examples of fast acting carbohydrate include:
   - Chewing 3 to 4 dextrose or glucose tablets (read the label) or
   - Drinking ¾ cup (175 ml) of juice
2. Wait 15 minutes and check your blood sugar again.
3. If your blood sugar is still below 4 mmol/L treat again with one of the fast acting carbohydrates listed above.
4. Repeat these steps until your blood sugar is above 4 mmol/L.
5. If your next meal or snack is more than 1 hour away, **you need to have a snack that contains carbohydrate and protein that fits into the stage of diet you are at**. Examples of snacks are listed on the last page.

You may feel like eating sweet foods like cookies, cake and candy. Even though these foods are high in sugar and can raise your blood sugar, your blood sugar will go too high too fast which is not safe. This can then lead to another low blood sugar because too much insulin is released.

**How can I prevent reactive hypoglycemia?**

You can help prevent reactive hypoglycemia by following your diet guidelines for bariatric surgery.
- eat 3 healthy meals and 2 healthy snacks each day
- space meals and snacks 2 to 3 hours apart
- eat protein at each meal and snack time
- avoid skipping meals and snacks
- avoid or limit alcohol depending on what stage of diet you are at
- avoid or limit caffeine depending on what stage of diet you are at
- avoid sweets like cookies, cakes, candy, pop, juice and sweet drinks

Instead of sugars and simple carbohydrates, eat complex carbohydrates because they release less sugar over a longer period of time. Having a complex carbohydrate with protein will slow this release even more.

Some examples of complex carbohydrates are on the next page.
Try putting any of these together when they fit the stage of bariatric diet you are at:

**Complex Carbohydrates**
- whole wheat crackers
- whole wheat bread
- whole wheat pita
- whole grain rice
- potatoes
- cereal

**Protein**
- nuts
- cheese
- meat
- lentils
- peanut butter
- eggs
- yogurt

Here are some snack ideas to have after treating a low blood sugar:

- crackers and cheese
- pita and hummus
- nuts and yogurt
- melba toast and peanut butter